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(54) CLEANING SOLVENT COMPOSITION

(57)Abstract:

PURPOSE: To obtain a new cleaning solvent composition having an excellent detergent effect as a substitute for chlorofluorocarbon and chlorine-containing solvents and another cleaning solvent composition excellent in stability.

CONSTITUTION: The cleaning solvent composition contains n-propyl bromide and/or isopropyl bromide, and another cleaning solvent composition is prepared by mixing this composition with at least one stabilizer selected from the group consisting of a nitroalkane, an ether, an epoxide and an amine.

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CLAIMS

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] n—bromination — a propyl — and/or — iso — bromination — the solvent constituent for washing characterized by containing a propyl

[Claim 2] The solvent constituent for washing containing at least one sort of stabilizers chosen from the group which consists of nitroalkanes, ether, epoxide, and amines according to claim 1.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Description of the Industrial Application] This invention relates to the solvent constituent for washing used as an alternative solvent of chlorofluorocarbon or a chlorine-based solvent.

[0002] [Description of the Prior Art] Chlorofluorocarbon and the chlorine-based solvent are used extensively until now, and the stabilization technology and the use technology of chlorofluorocarbon or a chlorine-based solvent are developed variously. For example, this stabilizing agent chosen from the group which becomes the astropic mixture which contains TORKURHO difluorocarbons, a hydrocarbon, alcohol, a ketone, the ether, etc. in JP-137353A as stabilization technology from a nitro compound, pheno, amine, ether, amylene, ester, organic phosphate, furans, alcohols, ketones, and triazoles is indicated. However, establishment of the outstanding solvent for washing which is restricted from the environmental problem in recent years and replaces chlorofluorocarbon and chlorine-based solvent with these, and its stabilization technology is desired. On the other hand, since it was inferior chemical stability and respect of incobustibility compared with chlorofluorocarbon or a chlorinated hydrocarbon, smell carbonizing-hydrogen was not used as a solvent for degreasing washing of various metal parts and plastics.

[0003] [Request for Solving the Problem] Therefore, this invention aims at offering the new solvent constituent for washing which has the cleaning effect which was excellent as an alternative solvent of chlorofluorocarbon or a chlorine-based solvent, this invention aims at offering the solvent constituent for washing characterized by stability again.

[0004]

[Description of the Problem] This invention persons — bromination — the result which examined many things about the hydrocarbon — n-bromination — a propyl — and iso — bromination — the propyl was fire retardancy, and the solvent power to various oil was very large, and it found out having the outstanding depressing washing nature. Moreover, although there is a fault that reactivity with a metal especially aluminum, or a alloy is very large and this reaction occurred also in ordinary temperature only with these solvents, when temperature was raised especially for cleaning aluminum was also violently reacted by becoming remarkable, reacting to the inside of a short time for 10-20 minutes with aluminum, and becoming dark-brown or carbide, and the problem that it dissolves completely was found out. However, even if it performed steamy washing, as a result of respecting research variously about the stabilizer which can work to stability for a long period of time, addition of the specific stabilizer acquired knowledge that reactivity with a metal is sharply improvable, this invention was made based on such knowledge, namely, this invention — n-bromination — a propyl — and/or — iso — bromination — the solvent constituent for washing characterized by containing test one sort of stabilizers chosen from the group which becomes this solvent constituent for

washing from nitroalkanes, ether, epoxides, and amines again contain.

[0005] As nitroalkanes used in the invention, kinds, such as nitroethane, a nitroethane, 1-nitropropane, 2-nitropropane, and a nitroethane, two sorts or more of mixture is raised. SHIBU[CHI]R ether, 1,2-dimethoxyethane, 1,4-dioxane, diethyl ether, a diisopropyl ether, the tetrahydrofuran, and N-methyl pyrrolidone, or two sorts or more of mixture is raised as either. As epoxid, kinds, such as EPIKURO[HI] diene compounds, a propylene oxide, butylene oxide, a cyclohexene oxide, a cyclohexene methyl ether, a cyclohexene acetate, a pentene oxide, a cyclopentene oxide, and a cyclohexene oxide, or two sorts or more of mixture is raised. As amines, a hexylamine, an octyl amine, a 2-ethylhexyl amine, A diethyl amine, an ethyl monohydramine, a triethylamine, Urbanylamine, A diethyl octyl amine, a tetradecyl monohydramine, a cyclohexylamine, Diisopropylamine, pentylamine, N-methyl morpholine, an isopropylamine, A cyclohexylamine, a butylamine, an isobutyl amine, a diisopropyl amine, A, 2, 2, 6-isopropylidene, N,N and N-dialyl-P-phenylene diamine, Kinda, such as a diarylamine, an aniline, ethylenediamine, a propylenediamine, a diethylbenzylamine, a diphenylamine, and a diethyl hydroxy amine, or two sorts or more of mixture is raised. As benzylamine, dibenzylamine, a diphenylamine, and a diethyl hydroxy amine, or two sorts or more of mixture is raised.

[0006] In this invention, fragiles, such as acetyl series alcohol, such as a phenol used and O-chlorine-based hydrocarbon, amino alcohols, such as a phenol and a methanolamine, a methyloxyphenol, a benzoylphenol, a benzoylbenzene, a benzoylphenol, a benzoylphenol, and cuttingpors Nornan and propyl alcohol, a benzoylphenol, a benzoylphenol, a benzoylphenol, a chlorobenzo triazole, can also be used as an auxiliary stabilizer out of the above-mentioned stabilizer, in bromination — a propyl — So — bromination — although the addition of a stabilizer required for stabilization of a propyl and its rate change with service conditions, such as a kind of oil on ashering the quality of the material of a washed object, and the washing method, and it can change over the laus range considerably — n-bromination — a propyl — iso — bromination — it is 0.5 — 10 of the weight preferably — Using that in 0.1 — 15% of the weight ratio to the total weight of a propyl, and more preferably that is, there is an indication for a stabilization effect to fall at 0.1% or less, and on the other hand, it adds 15% or more because it is not economical, although it is effective even if it uses the above-mentioned stabilizer independently, it may be used using together with two sorts, three sorts, or more than three, and it is total and, as for the addition, what is made in 0.1 — 15% of range is desirable [Effect of the Invention] The solvent constituent for washing of this invention is excellent, and degreasing washing nature can be used for it as alternative *** of a chlorofluorocarbon chlorine-based solvent. Moreover, without corroding the metal of a washed object by adding a specific stabilizer, it can be used for a long period of time and degreasing washing can be carried out good. Therefore, it can be used very suitable for washing, such as various metalworking articles and electronic parts. An example and the example of comparison explain this invention concretely below.

[Example] The solvent constituent for washing shown in example Table-1 was prepared, according to a method given in JS-K1600, the piece of aluminum (JS-H-4000, A1 100) has been arranged to each of the liquid phase section of the solvent constituent for washing, and the gaseous phase section, the corrosion situation of the piece of a metal of 48 hours after was observed, and the following criteria estimated. Change-test A profit, *** result with corrosion is shown corrosion situation error-criterion O Change-test A profit, *** result with corrosion is shown in Table-1 with the result of the example of comparison. In addition, front, Nata and — propyl star's picture estimated in FB and the Seiproxy star's picture by IPB, and showed badings as a weight ratio in (). Moreover, the decreasing detergency was measured by the following methods.

SPCC mild steel board which carried out degreasing detergent—Test **** clarification

(50×100×3mm) The press oil (tradename: Japan metal working fluid #840) was used as the application, and what passed [Indoor negative] on the 3rd was used as the test piece (the oil coating weight 200~300 mg/dm², this test piece was made to flood with sample offenes liquid at a room temperature for 2 minutes — back — drying — a weight method — survival — an oil content — the amount was measured 2 mg/dm² equivalent to trichloroethane The following was made good [a degreasing detergent].

Residual oil quantity 2 mg/dm². Above x residual oil quantity 2 mg/dm². Following O. [0/10] (Table 1) Table 1—Corrosion Degreasing No. The solvent constituent for washing Station Degreasing — nPB (93.5)/nitromethane (0.5) O O 2 PB(93) / nitromethane (1) O 3 nPB (95)/2 Dimethoxyethane (5) O 0 4 PB(97) / EPKUROHI dimer compounds (3) O 0 5 PB(95) / disopropylamine (5) O O 8 PB(97) / nitromethane (2) / phenol (1) O 0 7 nPB(97) / nitromethane (2) / triethanolamine (1) O O PB(97) / nitromethane (2) / methylbutylol (1) O O 9 PB(97) / nitromethane (2) / benzotrichol (1) O O 1 nPB(97) / nitromethane (2) / 2 Dimethoxyethane (1) O 0 11 PB(97) / nitromethane (2) / diisopropylamine (1) O O 13 O/PB>SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript" TYPE="text/javascript">>nPB (100) x O 14 PB (100) x

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